

Aerated Wastewater Treatment Systems (AWTS and STS)

- Mechanical secondary treatment option incorporating aeration
- Replicates treatment processes of larger municipal wastewater treatment plants in small tank(s) suited to domestic setting
- Aerated Wastewater Treatment Systems (AWTS) or Secondary Treatment Systems (STS) (AS1546.3 2017), are alternatively known as Aerated Treatment Units (ATUs) or Household Package Plants Centre for Environmental Training

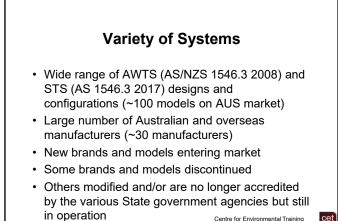
AS1546.3:2017

Australian Standard AS1546.3:2017 On-site domestic wastewater treatment units, Part 3: Secondary treatment systems (Standards Australia 2017) covers:

- Performance criteria / design requirements
- Minimum marking requirements
- Information to be provided with the system
- Product conformity evaluation for type testing

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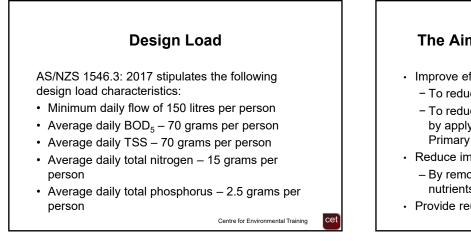
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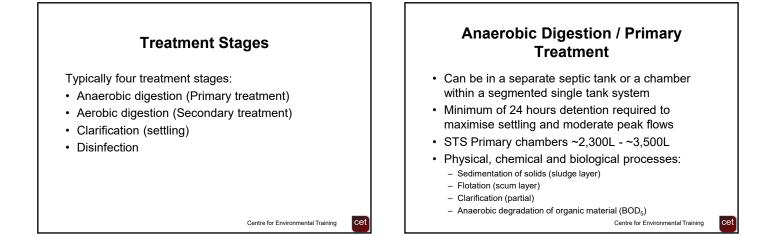


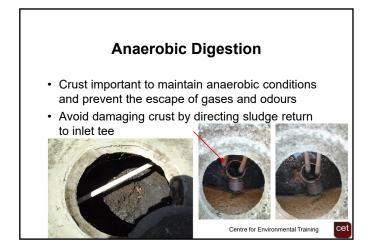


The Aims of Secondary Treatment

- Improve effluent quality:
 - To reduce impact on receiving environment
 - To reduce land area required for safe disposal by applying at higher loading rates than Primary treated effluent
- · Reduce impact on surface / ground waters
 - By removing pathogens and possibly some nutrients
- Provide reuse water for garden irrigation

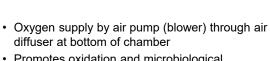
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Anaerobic Upflow Filter Sludge Return · Accelerates anaerobic breakdown and methane · Sludge may be returned from the aeration and/or generation, improves solids stabilisation (e.g. FujiClean ACE1200) clarification chamber to the Primary chamber • Return to inlet tee to avoid disturbing crust Adds to sludge accumulation in Primary May assist with denitrification in Aeration Centre for Environmental Training Centre for Environmental Training



Aerobic Treatment

 Promotes oxidation and microbiological consumption of the organic matter

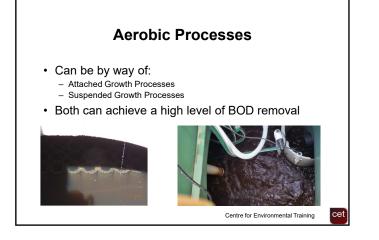


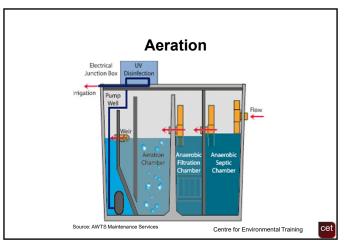
Aerobic Processes

- Require oxygen
- Facilitate bacterial metabolism
- Convert suspended and dissolved organic matter to energy, biomass and wastes
- Assist with the removal of:
 Carbonaceous organic matter (BOD and TOC)
 Nutrients (N and P
- Assist with:
 - Waste (sludge) stabilisation

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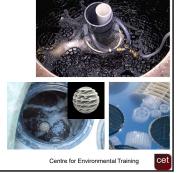


Aeration **Attached Growth Processes** · Rising bubbles transfer oxygen to the · Fixed or Floating Media (FM) systems biomass and mix the wastewater to allow • Trickling Filter (TF) systems maximum contact with treatment surfaces · Rotating Biological Contactor (RBC) systems · Factors impacting aerobic treatment are: Volume of oxygen supplied (need to consider additional non-process requirements such as air lifts) · Typically require Primary sedimentation to Rate/timing of oxygen supply (variable demand) remove coarse solids and avoid clogging · Oxygen transfer efficiency is highly dependent upon diffuser type and bubble size Typically utilise a high surface area media • (bubble surface area) (mineral or synthetic) or discs or drums to support - Larger bubbles transfer minimal oxygen to the water the growth of a biological film (biofilm) Fine bubbles transfer up to 80% of the available oxygen to Centre for Environmental Training Centre for Environmental Training the water column



Attached Growth Floating Media

- Predominantly attached growth, but typically a hybrid of suspended / attached growth processes
- Chamber may have fixed-submerged or free floating media
- Fixed media most common



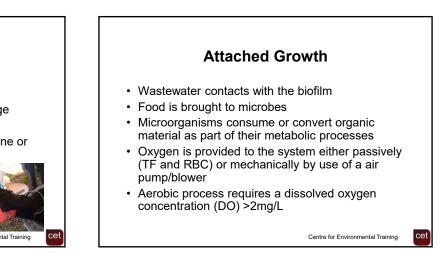


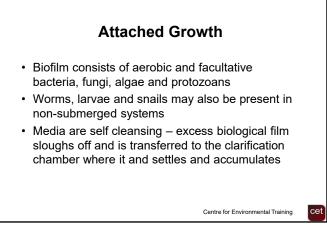


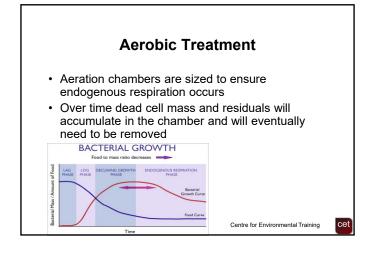
Microbial Biofilm Growth

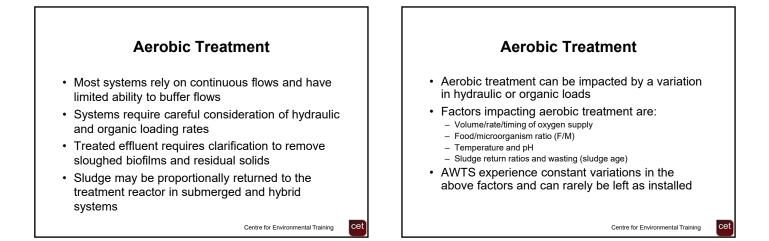
- · Microorganisms attached to inert media
- Plastic tubes, plastic sheets, mesh with large surface area / volume ratio
- Attached or 'fixed-film' processes remove fine or dissolved organic matter from wastewater

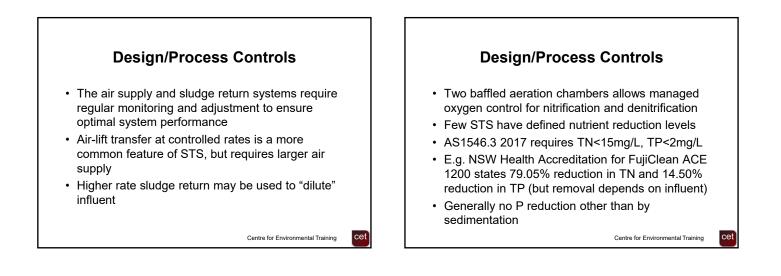




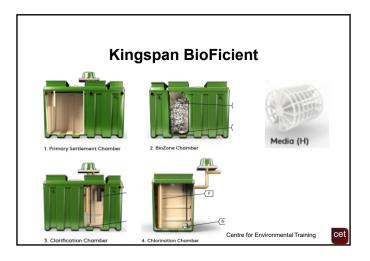


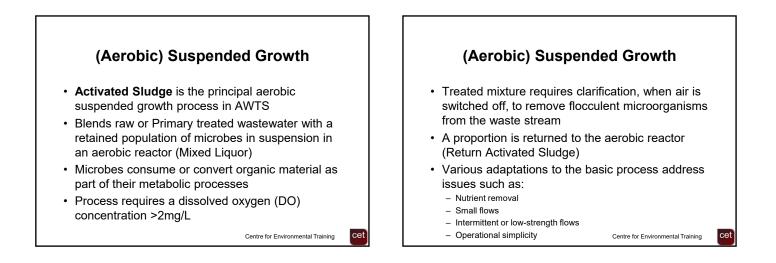


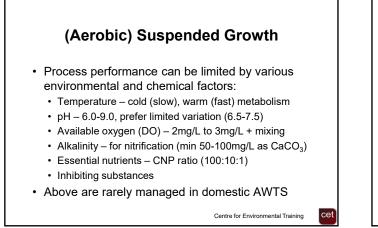




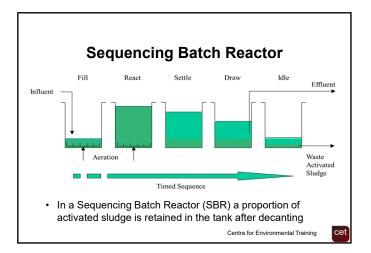


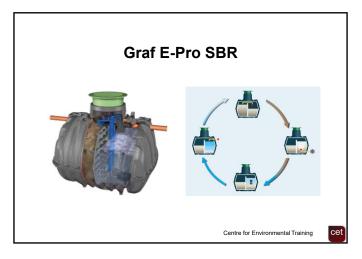


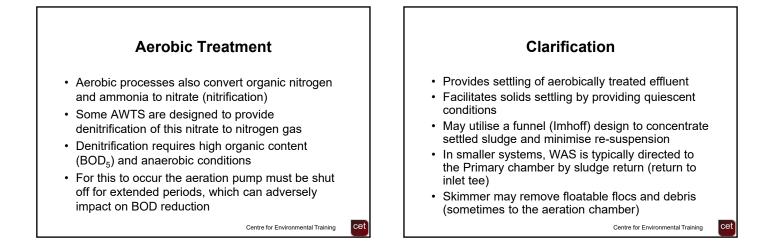


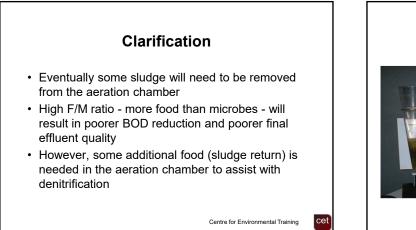


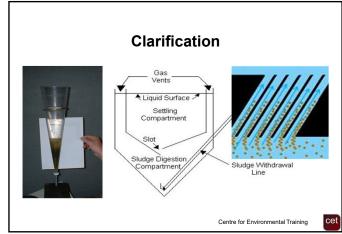


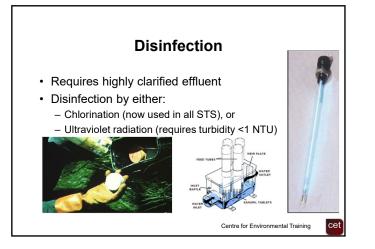


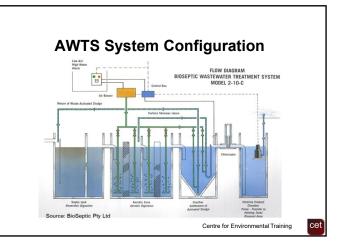




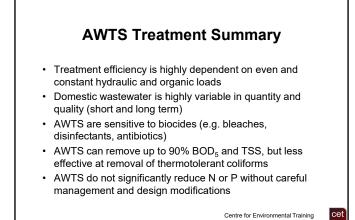


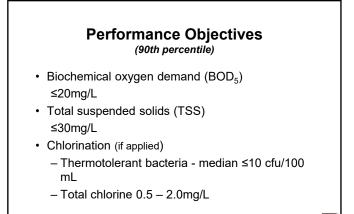












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References

- Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand (2008) AS1546.3:2008 On-site domestic wastewater treatment units. Part 3: Aerated wastewater treatment systems
- Standards Australia (2017) AS1546.3:2017 Onsite domestic wastewater treatment units. Part 3: Secondary treatment systems

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