



- A 'Package Treatment Plant' can be described as any pre-fabricated or pre-engineered treatment system designed to accept and treat small to medium wastewater flows independent of a reticulated sewage system
- Typically receive an equivalent daily wastewater volume of between 10 EP and 2,500 EP (2,000L – 750,000L per day)
- Generic designs are available but most are tailored for a specific wastewater stream

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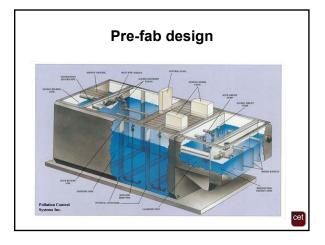
What is a Package Wastewater Treatment Plant?

- Transported to site or constructed on-site from pre-fabricated materials
- Larger plants (>20,000L/day) may comprise complex design and require larger land areas to construct
- Plants for small commercial operations (subdivisions, caravan parks etc.) typically smaller with relatively simpler processes and operation

Commonly found in one of three configurations:

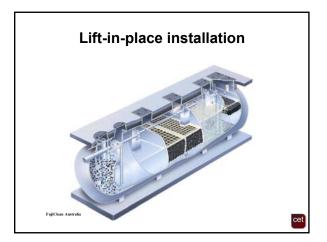


- Integral systems combine several treatment stages (unit operations) within one physical unit
- Smaller systems typically involve minimal on-site assembly or Site disturbance and can be connected to an existing sewage network relatively quickly (plug + play)
- Containerised systems available for short-term or versatile applications (e.g. mining camps)
- Larger system may include some in-situ construction with pre-fabricated componentry













Modular Treatment Systems

- <u>Modular</u> systems provide each (or multiple) unit operations within a separate physical unit or structure
- Several discrete units are used to treat the wastewater load to the desired quality
- Treatment units may be spatially distributed throughout Site or used for pre-treatment of individual development components (decentralised)
- Also easily connected to an existing sewage network

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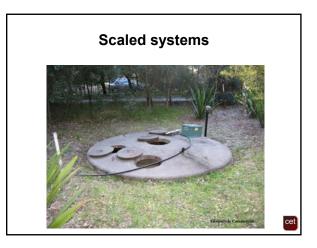
'Commercial' Treatment Systems

- Systems designed originally for residential wastewater treatment may also be applied to (larger than domestic) wastewater situations (i.e. hostels, short-stay accommodation etc.)
- <u>Commercial</u> systems are often configured to include 'flow balancing' to moderate wastewater distribution to several domestic treatment devices installed either in series or parallel
- System development may be ad-hoc
- Appropriate system/component sizing can be a concern









Additional Treatment Components

- Systems may also include additional treatment processes downstream of the plant
- Commonly required for:
 - systems that discharge to surface waters or in proximity to sensitive receptors
 - systems within drinking water catchments
 - systems irrigating effluent where primary contact or human consumption is a possibility
- Some discussed in greater detail later

Tertiary Polishing

- Media Filters (i.e. RSF, Fabric or multi-media)
- Membrane Filters
- Biological systems (i.e. reed beds, ponds)

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